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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE .	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/941,682	08/30/2001	Christian Mayaud	47777-0009	9565	
53437 7590 01/31/2007 ROBERT M. SCHWARTZ, P.A. P.O. BOX 221470 HOLLYWOOD, FL 33022			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			PORTER, RACHEL L		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3626	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	DELIVERY MODE	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

<del></del>		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/941,682	MAYAUD, CHRISTIAN			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Rachel L. Porter	3626			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 M	av 2006				
		action is non-final.				
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>97-123</u> is/are pending in the application	on.				
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
· · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>97-123</u> is/are rejected.					
8)□	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers					
· · ·	•	r				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
			• •			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119		,			
_	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
ع)ر	a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
	<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> </ol>					
	<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* S	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	<del></del>			
Attachment						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date:						
3) 🔲 Inform						
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Notice to Applicant

This communication is in response to the amendment filed 5/26/06. Claims 97 have been newly added and are presently pending.

2.

### Response to Amendment

3. The declarations filed on 11/9/2005 under 37 CFR 1.131 are sufficient to overcome the Schrier (USPN 5833599 A) reference.

### Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 97-106, and 114-120 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Renvall (WO 91/02447).

[Claim 97] Renvall discloses a computer-implemented method for assembling a prescription, the method comprising:

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- electronically storing a patient identifier in a computer memory medium; (pg. 7, line 28-pg. 8, line 5)
- electronically associating a drug selected from a list of drugs (approved by a drugs benefit provider) with the patient identifier; (Figure 2, page 5, lines 21-27)
- electronically associating a dosage for the selected drug, with the patient identifier and the selected drug; and (Figure 2: patient name and dosage)
- retrieving and outputting the associated selected drug and dosage associated with a patient identifier. (Fig. 2; page 7, lines 28-34, page 8, 27-34)

\*\*\*As per the recitation of "approved by a drugs benefits provider in the present claim", the recited method does not include a step approving drugs, only scanning or entering the medications from the compiled list of drugs. Thus, the manner of forming the drug list (i.e. approved by drug benefit provider) is not pertinent. It should be noted that only the components from the system which affect the resultant function of the system, or data in the method, which affects the outcome of the method will be given patentable weight and have art applied accordingly.

[Claim 98] Renvall discloses the method of claim 97, additionally comprising a patient condition, converted to electronic data and electronically identified by the patient identifier, the selected drug being chosen based on the patient condition. (page 7, lines 28-34: Doctor scans patient's state of health, then generates prescription with treatment/ with medication)

[Claim 99] Renvall discloses the method of claim 97, further including the steps of:

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aggregating at least a portion of the assembled prescription data associated with multiple patient identifiers; and storing the aggregated prescription data. (pages 7, line 28-page 8, line 5)

[Claim 100] Renvall discloses the method of claim 98, further including the steps of: electronically associating with each drug selected from a list and with the patient condition for which the drug was selected, a prescriber identifier representing the user that selected the drug; and (pages 7, line 28-page 8, line 5) aggregating data records for multiple patient identifiers, each data record including at least a selected drug, its associated patient condition and the associated prescriber identifier. (pages 7, line 28-page 8, line 5)

The doctor makes his/her rounds with multiple patients scanning their health conditions, storing this information in a barcode reader. Then this information is also registered in a PC.

[Claim 101] Renvall discloses a method for assembling an electronic prescription, comprising the steps of:

- electronically obtaining a patient identifier converted to electronic data; (page 7, lines 28-31, human and barcode format)
- electronically retrieving the identity of at least one prescribed drug associated
  with the patient identifier, the at least one prescribed drug being selected from a
  list of drugs approved by a drugs benefit provider; (Figure 2, page 5, lines 21-27;
  page 7, lines 31-35; page 9, lines 1-3)

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- electronically retrieving a dosage for the at least one prescribed drug associated
  with the at least one prescribed drug and the patient identifier; (page 7, lines 3135—information registered with state of health and medication, and patient
  personal identifier data)
- storing the at least one prescribed drug, the dosage and the patient identifier in an electronic memory; and (page 7, lines 31-35: registered with state of health and medication, and patient personal identifier data)
- outputting at least the at least one prescribed drug. (Figure 2; page 8, line 31page 9, line 3)

[Claims 102-105] Renvall discloses the method of claim 101, further including the step of electronically associating a patient condition, converted to electronic data with the patient identifier, the prescribed drug being selected based on the patient condition. (page 7, lines 28-34). The patient's history record includes prescribed drug and dosage information (Figure 2) and patient condition (i.e. state of health).

[Claim 106] Renvall discloses a method further comprises storing patient data in an electronic memory, as explained in the rejection claim 101. Renvall further discloses that the memory is part of a source-oriented data-retrieval subsystem, the data retrieval subsystem being connectable to access at least one data-retrieval network to retrieve source prescribing information and patient-related data to the point-of-care from at least one remote source database. (page 7, lines 2-4; 28-page 8, line 5; col. 10, lines 20-25—networking)

[Claims 114-116] Renvall discloses a system and method further including the steps of defining a prescription expiration routine including dosing, amount and expiration drug quantifiers and including system calculation of a relationship between the drug quantifiers. (Figure 2); selectively storing the electronic prescription in local storage, in remote storage and in remote file transfer (page 8, lines 21-33); and further including the step of transmitting the electronic prescription across a network for fulfillment by a specified pharmacy. (page 8, lines 31-33).

[Claim 117] Renvall discloses the method of claim 101, further including the steps of: aggregating at least a portion of the assembled prescription data associated with multiple patient identifiers; (Figure 2; page 7, lines 28-page 8, line 5) and storing the aggregated prescription data.(page 7, lines 34 -page 8, line 5)

[Claim 118] Renvall discloses the method of claim 101, further including the steps of:

- electronically associating with each drug selected from a list and with the patient
  condition for which the drug was selected, a prescriber identifier representing the
  user that selected the drug; and (Figure 2; page 7, lines 28-page 8, line 5—
  medication of patient, state of health, name of doctor—all associated with one
  another)
- aggregating data records for multiple patient-identifiers, each data record including at least a selected drug, its associated patient condition and the associated prescriber identifier (page 7, lines 34 -page 8, line 5)

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[Claim 119] Renvall discloses a method for aggregating electronic prescription data, comprising the steps of:

- electronically storing at least a first patient record including at least one
  prescribed drug selected from a list of drugs (approved by a drugs benefit
  provider) and a prescriber identifier representing the user that selected the at
  least one prescribed drug; (Figure 2, page 5, lines 21-27; pages 7, line 28-page
  8, line 5)
- electronically storing at least a second patient record including at least one
  prescribed drug selected from a list of drugs (approved by a drugs benefit
  provider) and a prescriber identifier representing the user that selected the at
  least one prescribed drug; (pages 7, line 28-page 8, line 5-- The doctor makes
  his/her rounds with multiple patients scanning their health conditions, storing this
  information in a barcode reader.)
- aggregating data from the at least a first patient record with data from the at least
  a second data patient record to form an aggregated data record; and (pages 7,
  line 28-page 8, line 5-- The doctor makes his/her rounds with multiple patients
  scanning their health conditions, storing this information in a barcode reader.)
- outputting the aggregated data record. (pages 7, line 28-page 8, line 5--Then this information is also registered from the barcode device to a PC, also Rx's can be written)

\*\*\*As per the recitation of "approved by a drugs benefits provider in the present claim", the recited method does not include a step approving drugs, only scanning or entering

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the medications from the compiled list of drugs. Thus, the manner of forming the drug list (i.e. approved by drug benefit provider) is not pertinent. It should be noted that only the components from the system which affect the resultant function of the system, or data in the method, which affects the outcome of the method will be given patentable weight and have art applied accordingly.

[Claim 120] Renvall discloses the method of claim 119, wherein:

- each of the at least a first patient record and the at least a second patient record
  additionally includes at least one patient condition associated with the at least
  one prescribed drug selected from a list and at least one prescriber identifier
  representing the user that selected the at least one prescribed drug; and (Figure
  2; page 7, lines 28-page 8, line 5—medication of patient, state of health, name of
  doctor—all linked with one another)t
- the aggregated data record includes at least a selected drug, its associated
  patient condition and its associated prescriber identifier for each patient data
  record. pages 7, line 28-page 8, line 5-- The doctor makes his/her rounds with
  multiple patients scanning their health conditions, storing this information in a
  barcode reader.)

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claim 107 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Renvall in view of Howson (USPN 5,088,981).

[Claim 107] Renvall teaches the method of claim 101, but does not expressly disclose associating the patient record with allergies or drug interactions. Howson discloses a system/method wherein the patient information is associated with drug interaction information/allergies. (col. 16, lines 36-40) At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system/method of Renvall with the teaching of how to include information on drug interactions or allergies. One would have been motivated to include this feature to include information to ensure the safety and health of the patient receiving the prescription.(Howson: col. 1, lines 17-21)

9. Claims 108-112 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Renvall in view of "Data Hard to Get, Has Many Applications" (Anonymous).

[Claims 108-110] Renvall discloses a method for assembling an electronic prescription as explained in the rejection of claim 101. Renvall further discloses displaying the patient record (page 8, lines 22-24), but does not expressly disclose assembling the patient records from multiple databases, and issuing a drug benefit plan with preferred drug formularies to the patient. "Data Hard to Get..." discloses a system and method

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wherein patient data and drug formulary data is assembled from a plurality of sources/databases (page 4, par. 22-25) and wherein drug formulary data, including preferred drugs for a condition are provided (par. 24-25). At the time of the Applicant's invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system/method of Renvall with the teaching of "Data Hard to Get...". As suggested by the article, one would have been motivated to include these features to facilitate benefits management and to ascertain the appropriateness of a treatment. (par. 25).

[Claim 111] Renvall discloses a system and method for accessing patient drug information, (page 7, lines 28-34), and patient drug selection( page 8, lines 22-27) but does not disclose accessing remote database get formulary information. "Data Hard to Get..." discloses a system and method wherein patient data and drug formulary data is assembled from a plurality of sources/databases (page 4, par. 22-25) and wherein drug formulary data, including preferred drugs for a condition are provided (par. 24-25). At the time of the Applicant's invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system/method of Renvall with the teaching of "Data Hard to Get...". As suggested by the article, one would have been motivated to include these features to facilitate benefits management and to ascertain the appropriateness of a treatment. (par. 25).

[Claim 112] Renvall discloses the method of claim 101 as explained in the rejection of claim 101, but does not describe providing information on formulary guidelines. "Data

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Hard to Get..." discloses a system and method wherein patient data and drug formulary data is provided from a plurality of sources/databases (page 4, par. 22-25) and wherein drug formulary data, including preferred drugs for a condition are provided (par. 24-25). At the time of the Applicant's invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system/method of Renvall with the teaching of "Data Hard to Get...". As suggested by the article, one would have been motivated to include these features to facilitate benefits management and to ascertain the appropriateness of a treatment. (par. 25).

10. Claims 113 and 123 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Renvall in view of Official Notice

[Claim 113] Renvall teaches the method of claim 101 as explained in the rejection of claim 101, but does not expressly disclose logging information regarding 3<sup>rd</sup> party access. Renvall does disclose protecting patient data (page 8, lines 3-5) Moreover, the use of audit trails for data access is well known in the art. At the time of the Applicant's invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system/method of Renvall to include an audit trail feature, with the motivation of ensuring patient information is closely monitored (page 9, lines 27-30)

[Claim 123] Renvall teaches the method of claim 119 as explained in the rejection of claim 119, but does not expressly disclose the step of selling information derived from the aggregated data. However, gathering customer and selling "lead" data is old and

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well known in the art. For example, websites often track shopping patterns of users and provide this information to other entities to better target shoppers. At the time of the applicant's invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Renvall to take information derived from the aggregated records and sell this information (e.g. to pharmaceutical companies). One would have been motivated to include this feature to increase the marketability of the system and to help offset certain costs associated in setting up the system.

11. Claims 121-122 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Renvall.

[Claims 121-122] Renvall discloses the method of claim 119 as explained in the rejection of claim 119. Renvall further discloses providing a report (i.e. output) that includes the prescriber information/ identifier(Figure 2). Renvall does not expressly disclose sorting the aggregated report by particular parameters. However, at the time of the applicant's invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system and method of Renvall to provide aggregated reports which could be sorted by various parameters, including medication, patient name, date, and prescriber. One would have been motivated to include this feature to provide a system and method that is adaptable to the preferences and demands of the healthcare providers who use it.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rachel L. Porter whose telephone number is (571) 272-6775. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Thomas can be reached on (571) 272-6776. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M RP

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER